Committee on Armed Services Washington, DC October 9, 1998.

The President The White Hous Washington, DC. Dear Mr. President

U.S. Senate

We are writing to express our concern over recent developments in Iraq

Last February, the Senate was working on a resolution supporting military action if diplomacy did not succeed in convincing Saddam Hussein to comply with the United Nations Security Council resolutions concerning the disclosure and destruction of Irag's weapons of mass destruction. This effort was discontinued when the Iraqi government reaffirmed its acceptance of all relevant Security Council resolutions and reiterated its willingness to cooperate withthe United Nations Special Commission (UNSCOM) and the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) in a Memorandum of Understanding signed by its Deputy Prime

Minister and the United Nations Secretary General. Despite a brief interval of cooperation, however, Saddam Hussein has failed to live up to his commitments. On August 5, Iraq suspended all cooperation with UNSCOM and the IAEA, except some limited monitoring activity. As UNSCOM Executive Chairman Richard Butler told us in a briefing for all Senators in March, the fundamental historic reality is that Irag has consistently sought to limit, mitigate, reduce and, in some cases, defeat

the Security Council's resolutions by a variety of devices.

We were gratified by the Security Council's action in unanimously passing Resolution 1194 on September 9. By condemning Irag's decision to suspend cooperation with UNSCOM and the IAEA, by demanding that Irag rescind that

decision and cooperate fully with UNSCOM and the IAEA, by deciding not to conduct the sanctions' review scheduled for October 1998 and not to conduct any future such reviews until UNSCOM and the IAEA, report that they are satisfied that they have been able to exercise the full range of activities provided for in their mandates, and by acting under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter, the Security Council

has sent an unambiguous message to Saddam Hussein. We are skeptical, however, that Saddam Hussein will take heed of this message even though it is from a unanimous Security Council. Moreover, we are deeply concerned that without the intrusive inspections and monitoring by UNSCOM and

the IAEA, Iraq will be able, over time, to reconstitute its weapons of mass destruction programs.

In light of these developments, we urge you, after consulting with Congress, and consistent with the U.S.Constitution and laws, to take necessary actions (including, if appropriate, air and missile strikes on suspect Iraq sites) to

respond effectively to the threat posed by Iraq's refusal to end its weapons of mass destruction programs.

Sincerely.

Carl Levin Joe Lieberman Frank R.Lautenberg Dick Lugar Kit Bond

Jon Kyl

Chris Dodd JohnMcCain Kay Bailey Hutchison

Alfonse D'Amato Bob Kerrey

Pete V. Domenici Dianne Feinstein

John Breaux

Barbara A.Mikulski Thomas Daschle

Arlen Specter

Tim Johnson Daniel K. Inouve

James Inhoff StromThurmond

Mary L. Landrieu Wendell Ford John F.Kerry

Chuck Grasslev Jesse Helms Rick Santorum